



DAVIS UNIVERSITY

COURSE SYLLABUS
MTH335: STATISTICAL METHODS

COURSE SYLLABUS FOR: MTH335 STATISTICAL METHODS

CREDIT HOURS: 5 CREDITS

INSTRUCTOR:

INSTRUCTOR EMAIL:

INSTRUCTOR OFFICE HOURS:

COURSE DESCRIPTION: Topics include basic concepts of probability, normal and binomial distributions, hypothesis testing, confidence intervals, Correlation and Regression, and chi-square distribution.

PREREQUISITES: Elementary Calculus

TEXT: Peck, Olsen and Devore, Introduction to Statistics and Data Analysis, 3rd edition, Brooks/Cole.

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- Paraphrase the original so that many of the phrases are the same as the original. A good rule is no more than 3 or 4 words in a row should be the same as the original.
- Copy the original sentence pattern, substitution synonyms for key words.
- Neglect to indicate the source of the original material.

ASSESSMENTS:

Content	
Homework	23%
Module Quizzes	36%
Midterm	11%
Final exam	30%
Total	100%

COURSE GRADE:

Letter Grade	Range	GPA
A+	97–100	4.0
A	93-96	4.0
A–	90–92	3.7
B+	87–89	3.3
B	83–86	3.0
B–	80–82	2.7
C+	77–79	2.3
C	73–76	2.0
C–	70–72	1.7
D+	67–69	1.3
D	63–66	1.0
D–	60–62	0.7
F	Below 60	0.0

TENTATIVE COURSE OUTLINE:

(Subject to change)

Module/Units	Content Covered	Assignments & Assessment
Module 1	<u>Chapter 1: Introduction to Statistics</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● What is statistics?● Populations, samples, variables● Types of data● Observational vs. experimental studies● Sampling designs (simple random, stratified, cluster, systematic)● Bias and survey pitfalls	Homework 1 Quiz 1
Module 2	<u>Chapter 2: Collecting Data Sensibly</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Types of data and variables (categorical vs. quantitative)● Populations, samples, and parameters vs. statistics● Sampling methods and sources of bias● Observational studies versus experiments● Principles of good study design and data collection	Homework 2 Quiz 2
Module 3	<u>Chapter 3: Graphical Methods for Describing Data</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Dotplots and stem-and-leaf displays● Histograms and frequency distributions● Bar charts, pie charts, and time series plots● Identifying shape, center, spread, and outliers from graphs● Recognizing misleading or poorly constructed graphs	Homework 3 Quiz 3
Module 4	<u>Chapter 4: Numerical Methods for Describing Data</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Measures of center (mean, median, mode)● Measures of variability (range, variance, standard deviation, IQR)● Percentiles, quartiles, and the five-number summary● Identifying and interpreting outliers numerically● Choosing appropriate numerical summaries for different distributions	Homework 4 Quiz 4

<p>Module 5</p>	<p><u>Chapter 5: Summarizing Bivariate Data</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Scatterplots and interpretation of association ● Direction, strength, and form of relationships ● Correlation and its properties ● Cautions about interpretation, including association vs. causation 	<p>Homework 5 Quiz 5 Midterm</p>
<p>Module 6</p>	<p><u>Chapter 6: Probability</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Basic probability concepts and sample spaces ● Probability rules, including complements and unions ● Disjoint and independent events ● Conditional probability ● Tree diagrams and probability for compound events 	<p>Homework 6 Quiz 6</p>
<p>Module 7</p>	<p><u>Chapter 7: Random Variables and Probability Distributions</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Definition of random variables ● Discrete versus continuous random variables ● Probability distributions and distribution properties ● Expected value, variance, and standard deviation ● Common discrete distributions and interpretation 	<p>Homework 7 Quiz 7</p>
<p>Module 8</p>	<p><u>Chapter 9: Confidence Intervals</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Confidence intervals for population means (z and t) ● Confidence intervals for population proportions ● Interpreting confidence level and confidence intervals ● Choosing sample size 	<p>Homework 8 Quiz 8</p>
<p>Module 9</p>	<p><u>Chapter 13: Simple Linear Regression, Correlation and Inference for Two Groups</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Review of correlation and linear association ● Simple linear regression models and interpretation ● Least-squares regression line and residuals ● Using regression for prediction and the risks of extrapolation ● Interpreting regression results and correlation with caution ● Comparing group means and proportions 	<p>Homework 9 Quiz 9 Final Exam</p>